



Termomeccanica S.p.A.

#### TERMOMECCANICA GROUP

#### **HISTORY**



#### Today One of the leaders In the European Environmental Market

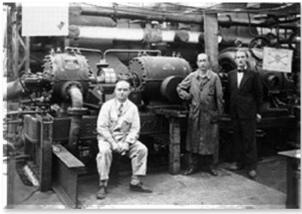
2012 100 years of technology



1997 Acquisition of *De Bartolomeis* 

1995 Acquisition of *Ansaldo Acque* 

1912 Established as A Cerpelli & C.





## **TERMOMECCANICA GROUP**

#### SHARE HOLDERS AND MAIN COMPANIES

L.E.C.A. INVEST SRL. 100% TERMOMECCANICA S.p.A.

Equity Capital 10.000 K€

TM.E. S.p.A. Termomeccanica Ecologia

Equity Capital 25.000 K€

share 100%

TM.I.C. S.r.I. – Termomeccanica Industrial Compressors

**Equity Capital 5.000 K€; share 100%** 

ADICOMP S.r.I.

Equity Capital 5.000 K€

share 76%

TM.H.E. S.r.L. Termomeccanica
Holding Eolico

Equity Capital 2.500 K€; share 100%



## TERMOMECCANICA GROUP

#### **CERTIFICATIONS**

















## TM.E. COMPANY INDUSTRIAL PROCESS (TMIP) DIVISION

**TM.E. S.p.A. – Termomeccanica Ecologia** incorporates the know-how, engineering and construction technology and of the company "C.M.G." founded in 1977. The company operates in the environmental protection and production sectors making use of C.M.G. credentials, patents and technical expertise in synergy with the know-how and industrial experience of "Termomeccanica Group". It is organized into two sections

#### **Effluents treatment plants section**

The section operates in the design and construction of plants (turn key) for the treatment of waste gas/air, liquids, sludge and gaseous effluents from industries.

#### **Recovery plants section**

The section operates in the design and construction of plants (turn key) for the recovery of chemicals (solvents, light and heavy hydrocarbons, etc.)



#### TM.E. DESIGN PHILOSOPHY

#### TM.E. STRATEGY: LEAD USER PROCESS INNOVATION

- Possibility to test new technologies, patents and references on real scale;
- Possibility to anticipate and drive new marketing strategy
- Holding know how for several technologies with great flexibility to meet different markets and customized Energy & Environmental Requirements

#### in order to achieve a high level of:

- competitiveness,
- quality,
- flexibility,
- reliability and performance.



## TME & Effluent Treatment Plants

TME's core business is the design and construction of **packages**, especially Flue Gas Treatment Plants, for waste gases resulting from industries, such as:





Metallurgical

Oil & Gas

Petrochemical







# NOT IRON Metallurgical Industry; Flue Gas Treatment solutions



## Introduction to NOT IRON metallurgy sector

TME Flue Gas Treatments reduce emissions of environmentally hazardous compounds coming from:

- Smelting/Melting furnaces;
- Refining Furnaces;
- Shaft Furnaces;
- Rotary Kiln Furnaces;

TME's Technologies are applicable to NOT IRON metallurgical sectors as: SMELTING COPPER, ALUMINIUM CATODES PRODUCTION, ALUMINIUM MELTING, ZINC RECOVERY and PRECIOUS METALS RECOVERY from SCRAP.



## Typical Pollutants in copper smelting process

The Inlet Waste Gas to be processed has typically the following inlet pollutants:

DESCRIPTION	UNIT	EMISSION
Solid particles	mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>	1500/3000
Cu	mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>	250/400
Zn	mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>	300/350
Pb	mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>	350/450
VOC**	mgC/Nm <sup>3</sup>	2000/2500
HCI	mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>	200/300
HF	mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>	200/300
SO <sub>2</sub>	mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>	50/150
NO <sub>X</sub>	mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>	50/900
CO	mg/Nm³	1000/5000



## Emission Guarantees in copper smelting process

TME Flue Gas Treatments are designed to comply with worldwide local regulations and stringent emission limits as resumed below:

Pollutant	Emission Limit Guaranteed
TOC	< 10 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
NOx	< 100 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
CO	< 50 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
Particulate	< 5 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
HCI	< 10 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>
SO <sub>2</sub>	< 50 mg/Nm <sup>3</sup>



## **Process Solutions**

#### **Typical Plant Configurations / Components:**

- Afterburner / Post-Combustion;
- Quenching Tower;
- Hydrated Lime and Pulverized Activated Carbon Injection;
- DeDioxins unit;
- Wet Scrubbers / Packed Towers;
- SNCR DeNOx systems;
- Cyclonic Separators, Dust Filters;
- Extraction fan + Chimney .

#### **Optional systems:**

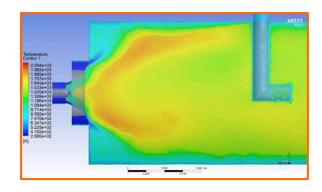
- Hoods / Ventilation of Furnace Environment;
- Waste Heat Recovery Systems;
- Regenerative Thermal Oxidizers (RTO) applications.

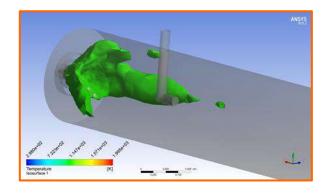




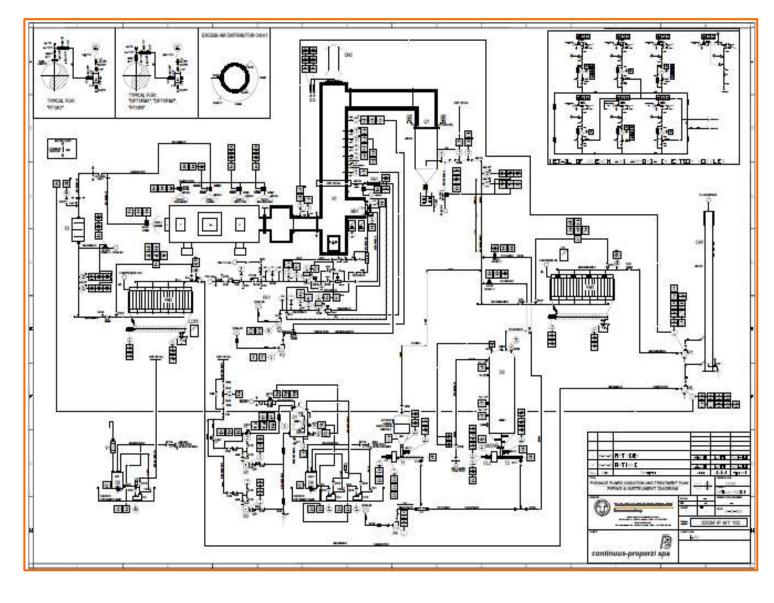


## **Process Design**





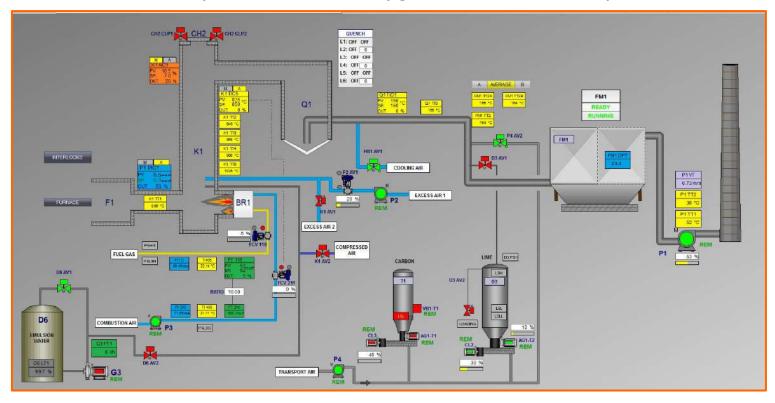






## Control system

**TM.E. plants are completed by a control system** which permits to manage all the variables in the plant, such as oxygen concentration, pressure and temperature.



The control system is designed to permit real time plant checking.

It is also possible to provide the remote assistance from our headquarter to ensure technical support for the plant operators.



## Typical process data in copper smelting

- **Source of wastes**: air from copper scraps foundry / Shaft Furnace
- Pollutants in Flue gas: HCl, HF, SO2, CO, VOC particulate
- Oxidation Temperature: 850 °C
- Minimum Residence Time: 2 sec
- Plant sections: Thermal oxidation, Quench, Dry abatement with chemical injection and final scrubber







#### Thermal oxidation section

This section is dedicated to the thermal oxidation of the pollutants present in flue gas coming from copper furnace. Key points:

- VOCs and CO abatement by means of thermal oxidation;
- Possibility to oxidize the methane slip coming from the copper furnace;
- Burning system adjustable to the different stages of the copper smelting process.

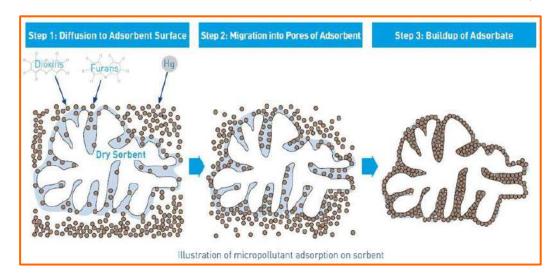


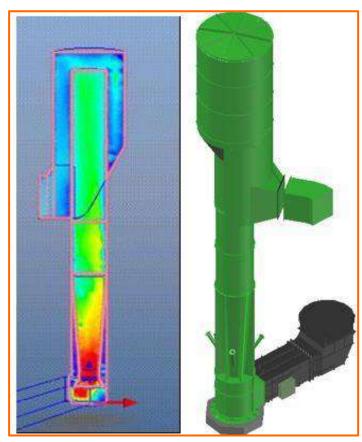


#### Wet and dry purification section

Flue gases containing <u>acid compounds</u> (such as HCl, Cl2...), <u>SOx, dioxins</u> <u>and furans or high</u> <u>concentrations of NOx can be treated with:</u>

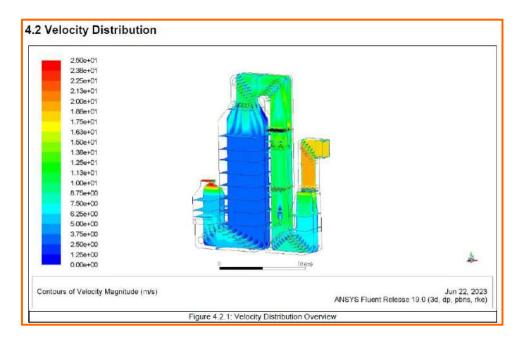
- Quenching Tower with Caustic Solution Injection;
- Hydrated Lime, Sodium Bicarbonate and Pulverized Activated Carbon Injection;
- Wet Scrubbers / Packed Towers / Spray Driers;
- DeDioxins Units;
- Emulsion Water Injection Lances; SCR/ SNCR DeNOx systems.



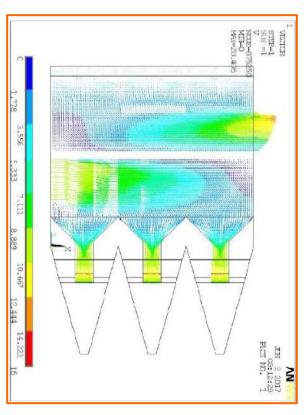




#### Wet and dry purification section











From left to right: Lime silo, Baghouse filter, post-combustion chamber







From left to right: Post-combustion chamber, Lime silo, baghouse filter and stack

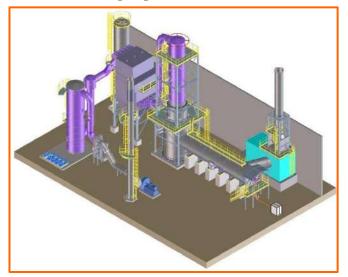


EXPERIENCE 1		
Source of wastes	Waste gas from copper foundry	
Capacity	20000 Nm³/h	
Pollutants in Air	HCI, SO <sub>2</sub> , CO, VOC particulate	
Oxidation Temperature	850 °C	
Residence Time	2 s	
Material of Construction	AISI 316 SS	
Plant sections	Heat recovery section, Quench, Dry abatement with chemical injection	





EXPERIENCE 2	
Source of wastes	Waste gas from copper foundry
Capacity	25000 Nm <sup>3</sup> /h
Pollutants in Air	HCI, HF, SO <sub>2</sub> , CO, VOC particulate
Oxidation Temperature	850 °C
Residence Time	2 s
Material of Construction	SAF 2507 / AISI 316 SS
Plant sections	Quench, Dry abatement with chemical injection and final scrubber





## TME's technologies processes for flue gas treatment

#### **Semi-Dry Unit**





#### **Absorption Towers**



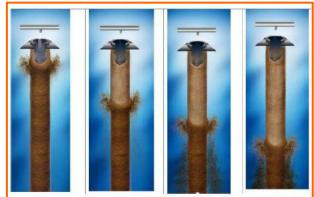


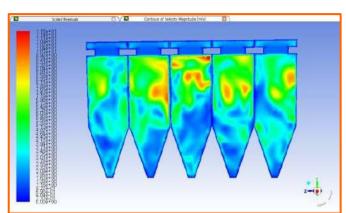


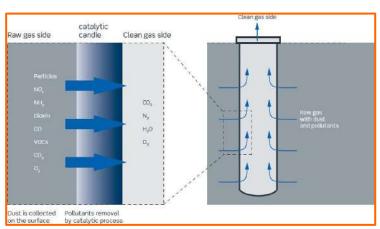
## TME's technologies processes for flue gas treatment

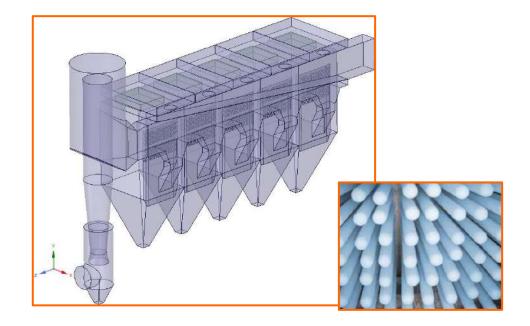
#### **Baghouse/Candles Filter**













## TME's technologies processes for flue gas treatment

Flue Gas (VOC polluted) Treatment options

TME can provide different solutions, including:

**Regenerative Thermal Oxidizer (RTO)** 

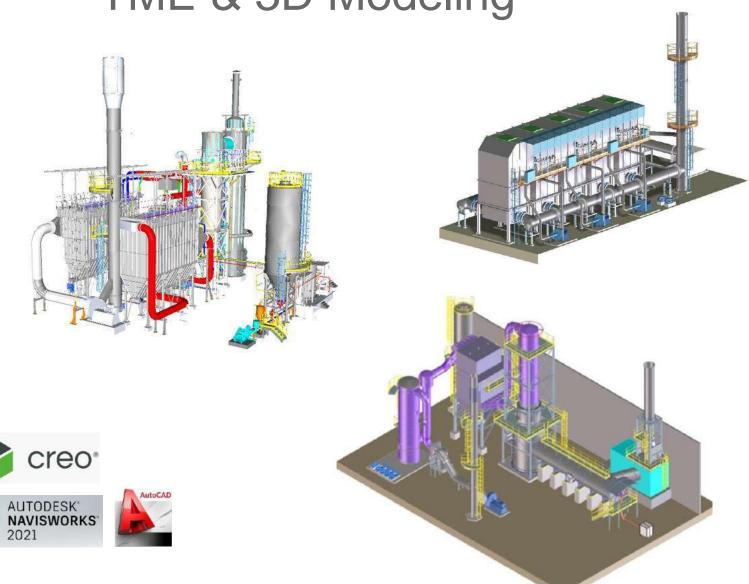


#### **Thermal Oxidizer (TO)**





TME & 3D Modeling







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